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# **isoenum Documentation**

***Release 0.4.1***

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# CHAPTER 1

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## isoenum

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Isotopic (*iso*) enumerator (*enum*) - enumerates isotopically resolved InChI ([International Chemical Identifier](#)) for metabolites.

The `isoenum` Python package provides command-line interface that allows you to enumerate the possible isotopically-resolved InChI from one of the [Chemical Table file](#) (CTfile) formats (i.e. `molfile`, `SDfile`) used to describe chemical molecules and reactions as well as from InChI itself.

See [Tutorial](#) documentation for usage examples of `isoenum` Python package as well as `isoenum` docker container.

## 1.1 Links

- [isoenum @ GitHub](#)
- [isoenum @ PyPI](#)

- isoenum @ [DockerHub](#)
- isoenum @ [ReadTheDocs](#)

## 1.2 Installation

The `isoenum` package runs under Python 2.7 and Python 3.4+. Use `pip` to install.

### 1.2.1 Install on Linux, Mac OS X

```
python3 -m pip install isoenum
```

### 1.2.2 Install on Windows

```
py -3 -m pip install isoenum
```

### 1.2.3 Dependencies

The `isoenum` Python package requires a **non-pip-installable** dependency: the [Open Babel](#) chemistry library version 2.3.90 or later, which relies on [InChI library](#) version 1.0.4 or later to perform InChI conversions.

Refer to the official documentation to install [Open Babel](#) on your system:

- Official Installation Instructions: <http://openbabel.org/wiki/Category:Installation>

## 1.3 Docker

In addition to [PyPI](#) package, `Dockerfile` and the automatically built [DockerHub](#) container, which contains the `isoenum` Python package and all its dependencies, are also provided.

To use the `isoenum` Python package, you will need to setup docker for your system and `pull` or `build` the docker container.

### 1.3.1 Install docker

Install `docker`:

- Follow the instructions to install docker on your system: <https://docs.docker.com/engine/installation>
  - [Ubuntu](#)
  - [Debian](#)
  - [CentOS](#)
  - [Fedora](#)
  - [Mac](#)
  - [Windows](#)

### 1.3.2 Setup container

Setup the isoenum container:

- pull the built image from the [DockerHub](#):

```
# docker pull moseleybioinformaticslab/isoenum
# docker tag moseleybioinformaticslab/isoenum:latest isoenum:latest # retag ↵
↵ docker image
# docker rmi moseleybioinformaticslab/isoenum # remove after you have ↵
↵ retagged it
```

- or build an image using Dockerfile at the root of this repo by running `docker build` from the directory containing Dockerfile:

```
# docker build -t isoenum .
```

## 1.4 Development version installation

### 1.4.1 Install development version on Linux, Mac OS X

```
python3 -m pip install git+git://github.com/MoseleyBioinformaticsLab/isoenum.git
```

### 1.4.2 Install development version on Windows

```
py -3 -m pip install git+git://github.com/MoseleyBioinformaticsLab/isoenum.git
```

## 1.5 License

This package is distributed under the [BSD license](#).



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Documentation index:

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## 2.1 The isoenum Tutorial

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**Note:** Read *The isoenum Docker Tutorial* to see examples provided below but with the use of a docker container with the `isoenum` Python package and all its dependencies instead of using the `isoenum` Python package directly.

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### 2.1.1 Command-line interface

The `isoenum` package provides an easy-to-use command-line interface that allows the specification of isotopes for the creation of isotopically-resolved InChI.

To display all available options, run:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum --help
```

Output:

```
Isotopic enumerator (isoenum) command-line interface

Usage:
  isoenum -h | --help
  isoenum --version
  isoenum name (<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>)
                [--specific=<isotope:element:position>...]
                [--all=<isotope:element>...]
                [--enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max>...]
                [--complete | --partial]
                [--ignore-iso]
                [--format=<format>]
                [--output=<path>]
                [--verbose]
```

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```

isoenum ionize (<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>)
    (--state=<element:position:charge>)
    [--format=<format>]
    [--output=<path>]
isoenum nmr (<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>)
    [--type=<experiment-type>]
    [--jcoupling=<name>...]
    [--decoupled=<element>...]
    [--format=<format>]
    [--output=<path>]
    [--subset]
    [--verbose]

```

Options:

|                                           |                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| -h, --help                                | Show this screen.                                   |
| --verbose                                 | Print more information.                             |
| -v, --version                             | Show version.                                       |
| -a, --all=<isotope:element>               | Specify element and isotope, e.g. -a <sub>C</sub>   |
| ↪13:C or --all=13:C                       |                                                     |
| -s, --specific=<isotope:element:position> | Specify element, isotope and specific <sub>C</sub>  |
| ↪position,                                |                                                     |
| -e, --enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max> | Enumerate all isotopically-resolved <sub>C</sub>    |
| ↪CTfile or InChI,                         |                                                     |
|                                           | e.g. -s 13:C:1 or --specific=13:C:1.                |
| ↪enumerate=13:C:2:4                       |                                                     |
| -c, --complete                            | Use complete labeling schema, i.e. <sub>C</sub>     |
| ↪every atom must specify                  |                                                     |
|                                           | "ISO" property, partial labeling <sub>C</sub>       |
| ↪schema will be used otherwise            |                                                     |
|                                           | for specified labeling information <sub>C</sub>     |
| ↪only.                                    |                                                     |
| -p, --partial                             | Use partial labeling schema, i.e. <sub>C</sub>      |
| ↪generate labeling schema                 |                                                     |
|                                           | from the provided labeling information.             |
| -i, --ignore-iso                          | Ignore existing "ISO" specification in <sub>C</sub> |
| ↪the CTfile or InChI.                     |                                                     |
| -f, --format=<format>                     | Format of output: inchi, mol, sdf, csv,             |
| ↪ json [default: inchi].                  |                                                     |
| -o, --output=<path>                       | Path to output file.                                |
| -t, --type=<experiment-type>              | Type of NMR experiment [default: 1D1H].             |
| -j, --jcoupling=<type>                    | Allowed J couplings.                                |
| -d, --decoupled=<element>                 | Turn off J coupling for a given <sub>C</sub>        |
| ↪element.                                 |                                                     |
| -z, --state=<element:position:charge>     | Create ionized form of InChI from <sub>C</sub>      |
| ↪neutral molecule,                        |                                                     |
|                                           | e.g. N:6:+1, O:8:-1.                                |
| --subset                                  | Create atom subsets for each resonance.             |

## 2.1.2 Usage examples

### Input files

We will use several input files to generate isotopically-resolved InChI.

- Molfile example:

```

pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel02101812223D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.8986 -0.0477 0.0323 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0960 0.7629 2.7277 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.4213 -0.0579 -0.0025 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  3.0115 0.3840 1.3416 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.5473 0.3524 1.3660 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.9506 -0.9689 1.0442 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0892 1.2477 0.4081 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4966 -0.3656 -0.9348 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5151 0.9566 0.2461 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5209 -0.7306 0.7986 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7913 0.0636 3.5124 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7734 1.7738 2.9979 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.1923 0.7728 2.7063 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7620 0.6098 -0.8011 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7573 -1.0707 -0.2471 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6291 -0.2841 2.1226 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6589 1.3989 1.5754 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.5197 -1.2976 1.7554 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.6303 2.0937 0.5065 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 3 1 0 0 0 0
1 8 1 0 0 0 0
1 9 1 0 0 0 0
1 10 1 0 0 0 0
2 5 1 0 0 0 0
2 11 1 0 0 0 0
2 12 1 0 0 0 0
2 13 1 0 0 0 0
3 4 1 0 0 0 0
3 14 1 0 0 0 0
3 15 1 0 0 0 0
4 5 1 0 0 0 0
4 16 1 0 0 0 0
4 17 1 0 0 0 0
5 6 1 0 0 0 0
5 7 1 0 0 0 0
6 18 1 0 0 0 0
7 19 1 0 0 0 0
M ISO 1 1 12
M END

```

- Text file containing InChI string:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3
```

- SDfile (i.e. Molfile plus data) example:

```

pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel02101812223D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.8986 -0.0477 0.0323 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0960 0.7629 2.7277 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.4213 -0.0579 -0.0025 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```

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```

3.0115    0.3840    1.3416 C    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
4.5473    0.3524    1.3660 C    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
4.9506   -0.9689    1.0442 O    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
5.0892    1.2477    0.4081 O    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
0.4966   -0.3656   -0.9348 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
0.5151    0.9566    0.2461 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
0.5209   -0.7306    0.7986 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
4.7913    0.0636    3.5124 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
4.7734    1.7738    2.9979 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
6.1923    0.7728    2.7063 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
2.7620    0.6098   -0.8011 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
2.7573   -1.0707   -0.2471 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
2.6291   -0.2841    2.1226 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
2.6589    1.3989    1.5754 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
5.5197   -1.2976    1.7554 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
4.6303    2.0937    0.5065 H    0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
1  3  1  0  0  0  0
1  8  1  0  0  0  0
1  9  1  0  0  0  0
1 10  1  0  0  0  0
2  5  1  0  0  0  0
2 11  1  0  0  0  0
2 12  1  0  0  0  0
2 13  1  0  0  0  0
3  4  1  0  0  0  0
3 14  1  0  0  0  0
3 15  1  0  0  0  0
4  5  1  0  0  0  0
4 16  1  0  0  0  0
4 17  1  0  0  0  0
5  6  1  0  0  0  0
5  7  1  0  0  0  0
6 18  1  0  0  0  0
7 19  1  0  0  0  0
M  ISO  1  1  12
M  END
> <InChI>
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0
$$$$

```

## Input file/string specification

As shown above, the `isoenum` command-line interface asks the user to provide one required parameter `<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>`, which is the file or string with information required to create isotopically-resolved InChI:

- Path to CTfile (i.e. Molfile or SDfile).

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol
```

- Path to the file containing an InChI.

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.inchi
```

- InChI string.

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name 'InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3'
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name '1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3'
```

## The isoenum name command

The `name` command of the `isoenum` command-line interface provides facilities to add isotopic layer information to a molecule in order to create isotopically-resolved InChI.

### Isotopic layer specification: specific atoms option

The `-s` or `--specific` option allows the user to specify the isotopic information for an atom at a specific position within a molecule (e.g. carbon at position “2” will have absolute mass “13”).

- To designate the isotope of a specific atom within a given Molfile, use the `-s` or `--specific` option. For example, specify the second carbon atom as carbon “13”:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

- To designate the isotope for several atoms, repeat the `-s` or `--specific` option:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:1 -s 13:C:2
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:1 --  
↪specific=13:C:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

**Note:** Since the original file already contained the ISO specification for the first carbon atom, it did not change the designation of that atom (i.e. `i1+0` was retained).

- To ignore existing ISO specifications, provide the `-i` or `--ignore-iso` option:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:1 -s 13:C:2_  
↪-i
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=C-13-1 --  
↪specific=C-13-2 --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1
```

### Isotopic layer specification: all atoms of a specific type option

The `-a` or `--all` option allows the user to specify the isotopic information for all atoms of a specific type (e.g. all carbons within a molecule will have absolute mass “13” etc.)

- To add isotope designations to all atoms of a specific element, use the `-a` or `--all` option:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To add isotope designations to different types of atoms, repeat the `-a` or `--all` option for each desired element:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -a 18:O
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --  
↪all=18:O
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
```

- To ignore existing ISO specifications, combine with the `-i` or `--ignore-iso` option:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -a 18:O -i
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --  
↪all=18:O --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
```

- Also the `-a` or `--all` option can be combined with the `-s` or `--specific` option which has higher priority:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -s 12:C:3 -i
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --
↳specific=12:C:3 --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+0,4+1,5+1
```

### Isotopic layer specification: enumerate atoms of specific type option

The `-e` or `--enumerate` option allows the user to create a set of InChI for a molecule with a different number of isotopes (e.g. create all InChI where the number of carbon atoms with absolute mass “13” ranges from 0 to 5).

- To enumerate atoms of a specific element type, use the `-e` or `--enumerate` option:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0
```

- A minimum and maximum number can be set to limit InChI generation to desired minimum and maximum number of atoms of the specified element. For example, generate all possible InChI where the number of carbon “13” atoms is in the range from 3 to 4:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:3:4
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:3:4
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To ignore existing ISO specifications, combine it with the `-i` or `ignore-iso` option:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:3:4 -i
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --
  ↪ enumerate=13:C:3:4 --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To enumerate multiple atom types just repeat the `-e` or `--enumerate` option for the desired element:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:3:4 -e_
  ↪ 18:O:1:2
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --
  ↪ enumerate=13:C:3:4 --enumerate=18:O:1:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
```

- The `-e` (`--enumerate`) option can be combined with the `-a` (`--all`) and `-s` (`--specific`) options except the `-e` (`--enumerate`) option cannot specify the same element as the `-a` (`--all`) option.

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:2:4 -a 18:O:
↪-s 12:C:3
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --
↪enumerate=13:C:2:4 --all=18:O --specific=12:C:3
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,4+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
```

- It is also possible to combine the `-e` or `--enumerate` option for the same element but different isotopes (also note that we are not specifying minimum number in this example, it will be set to 0 by default). For example, we want to generate InChI with up to 2 carbon “12” and up to 2 carbon “13”:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:2 -e 12:C:2
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:2 -
↪-enumerate=12:C:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,5+1
```

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```

InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+0

```

## The isoenum ionize command

The `ionize` command of `isoenum` command-line interface provides facilities to add charge information to a given molecule.

For example, the following InChI represents amino acid L-Valine:

```
InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

- To create InChI that represents the zwitterion form:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1' -z N:6:+1 -z O:8:-1 -f inchi
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1' --state=N:6:+1 --state=O:8:-1 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H
```

The generated InChI corresponds to the following structure:

**Note:** Notice that the InChI is non-standard. This is because zwitterionic forms of molecules cannot be represented in standard InChI, but can be represented with the standard fixed hydrogen layer (`FixedH`) extension.

For a second example, the following InChI represents neutral Adenosine monophosphate (AMP):

```
InChI=1S/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,
↪19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,20)/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

- To create the biochemically-relevant ionized InChI:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-
↪7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,
↪20)/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1' -z O:18:-1 -z O:19:-1 -f inchi
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-
↪7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,
↪20)/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1' --state=0:18:-1 --state=0:19:-1 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,
↪19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,20)/p-2/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1/
↪fC10H12N5O7P/h11H2/q-2
```

The generated InChI corresponds to the following structure:

## The isoenum nmr command

The `nmr` command of the `isoenum` command-line interface provides facilities to create isotopically-resolved InChI based on theoretical NMR coupling patterns (e.g. J1CH, J3HH, etc.).

For example, the following InChI represents amino acid L-Valine:

```
InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

- To create the theoretically possible set of InChI for “1D1H” NMR experiment:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum nmr 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↪t4-/m0/s1' --type=1D1H --format=csv
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum nmr 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↪t4-/m0/s1' -t 1D1H -f csv
```

Output:

```
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4-
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4-
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,
↪4-
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4+/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4+/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,
↪4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i3H
```

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```

[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,
↪6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/
↪C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH +
↪[1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i1H3,2H3,3H,4H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H,4H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↪1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/
↪i1H3,2H3,3+1H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/
↪t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/
↪t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↪1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3+1H,4H
[1H16]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i4H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i4+1H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH + [1H16:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4+1H

```

**Note:** Notice that the `csv` output includes a J-coupling description of the transient peak and the representative InChI.

## Workflow to generate InChI for data deposition from NMR experiments

1. Obtain standard InChI with correct bonded structure and stereochemistry.
2. Convert to fully representative InChI with proper ionization states if necessary (the `ionize` command).
3. Enumerate partial isotopomer InChI (the `nmr` command).

#### 4. Select appropriate partial isotopomer InChI.

For example, the following InChI represents amino acid L-Valine:

```
InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

We want to generate partial isotopomer InChI for the zwitterionic form of l-valine. To change the ionization state within molecule, we need to use the `ionize` command on a standard InChI:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1' -z N:6:+1 -z O:8:-1 -f inchi
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1' --state=N:6:+1 --state=O:8:-1 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H
```

The generated InChI corresponds to the following structure:

Next, we want to enumerate all possible isotopomers for “1D1H” NMR experiment:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum nmr 'InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H' --type=1D1H --format=csv
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum nmr 'InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H' -t 1D1H -f csv
```

Output:

```
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H/f/h6H
```

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```

[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↪(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,
↪6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/
↪h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↪(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1/
↪C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/
↪m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH +
↪[1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i1H3,2H3,3H,4H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H,4H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↪1H14]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/
↪i1H3,2H3,3+1H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH
↪InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/t3-
↪,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH
↪InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/t3-
↪,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↪1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3+1H,4H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i4H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↪(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i4+1H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↪(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH + [1H16:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4+1H/f/h6H

```

Finally, **select** appropriate InChI from the generated possibilities and **associate** them with the appropriate transient peak (chemical shift).

## Output format

- There are several output formats available:
  - inchi: produces InChI string.
  - sdf: produces SDfile with one or more Molfile and InChI associated with it.
  - mol: the same as sdf.

- json: produces JSON representation of SDfile.
- csv: produces tab-separated csv file with the information from SDfile data block.
- To specify the inchi output format (which is set to default and does not require format specification), use the -f or --format option followed by inchi:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f inchi
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --  
↪format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

- To specify the mol or sdf output format, use the -f or --format option followed by mol or sdf:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f sdf
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --  
↪format=sdf
```

Output:

```
pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel04241818183D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.8564    0.0224   -0.0199   C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0590   -2.7653   -0.2642   C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.3767    0.0633   -0.0253   C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.9725   -1.3472   -0.1203   C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.5036   -1.3472   -0.1439   C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.9424   -0.5621   -1.2388   O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0329   -0.7920    1.0484   O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4514    1.0368    0.0457   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4813   -0.5495    0.8345   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4733   -0.4367   -0.9365   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7458   -3.2426   -1.1982   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7417   -3.3903    0.5788   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.1556   -2.7490   -0.2585   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7259    0.5602    0.8869   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7092    0.6719   -0.8743   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.5969   -1.8221   -1.0358   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6148   -1.9367    0.7329   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0489   -1.1442   -2.0068   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.6612   -1.2841    1.7969   H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  1  3  1  0  0  0  0
  1  8  1  0  0  0  0
  1  9  1  0  0  0  0
  1 10  1  0  0  0  0
  2  5  1  0  0  0  0
  2 11  1  0  0  0  0
```

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```

2 12 1 0 0 0 0
2 13 1 0 0 0 0
3 4 1 0 0 0 0
3 14 1 0 0 0 0
3 15 1 0 0 0 0
4 5 1 0 0 0 0
4 16 1 0 0 0 0
4 17 1 0 0 0 0
5 6 1 0 0 0 0
5 7 1 0 0 0 0
6 18 1 0 0 0 0
7 19 1 0 0 0 0
M ISO 2 1 12 2 13
M END
> <InChI>
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1

$$$$

```

- To specify the json output format, use the `-f` or `--format` option followed by `json`:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f json
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --
↪format=json
```

Output:

```

{
  "1": {
    "molfile": {
      "HeaderBlock": {
        "molecule_name": "",
        "software": "OpenBabel02101812223D",
        "comment": ""
      },
      "Ctab": {
        "CtabCountsLine": {
          "number_of_atoms": "19",
          "number_of_bonds": "18",
          "number_of_atom_lists": "0",
          "not_used1": "0",
          "chiral_flag": "0",
          "number_of_stext_entries": "0",
          "not_used2": "0",
          "not_used3": "0",
          "not_used4": "0",
          "not_used5": "0",
          "number_of_properties": "999",
          "version": "V2000"
        },
        "CtabAtomBlock": [
          {
            "x": "0.8986",
            "y": "-0.0477",

```

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```

        "z": "0.0323",
        "atom_symbol": "C",
        "mass_difference": "0",
        "charge": "0",
        "atom_stereo_parity": "0",
        "hydrogen_count": "0",
        "stereo_care_box": "0",
        "valence": "0",
        "h0designator": "0",
        "not_used1": "0",
        "not_used2": "0",
        "atom_atom_mapping_number": "0",
        "inversion_retention_flag": "0",
        "exact_change_flag": "0"
    },
    ...
],
"CtabBondBlock": [
    {
        "first_atom_number": "1",
        "second_atom_number": "3",
        "bond_type": "1",
        "bond_stereo": "0",
        "not_used1": "0",
        "bond_topology": "0",
        "reacting_center_status": "0"
    },
    ...
],
"CtabPropertiesBlock": {
    "ISO": [
        {
            "atom_number": "1",
            "absolute_mass": "12"
        },
        {
            "atom_number": "2",
            "absolute_mass": "13"
        }
    ]
}
},
"data": {
    "InChI": [
        "InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1"
    ]
}
}

```

- To specify the csv output format, use the `-f` or `--format` option followed by `csv`:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f csv
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --
↪format=csv
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

## Output file

- To save the generated output into a file, use the `-o` or `--output` option followed by the filename. For example, save the generated output in inchi format:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f inchi -o ↪
↪outfile.inchi
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --
↪format=inchi --output=outfile.inchi
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To save the generated output in mol or sdf format:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f sdf -o ↪
↪outfile.sdf
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --
↪format=sdf --output=outfile.sdf
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel104251811053D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.9237 -0.0881 0.1091 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.1259 -2.4797 1.5667 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.4438 -0.0580 0.0798 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  3.0394 -1.2473 0.8454 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.5756 -1.2658 0.8182 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.9993 -1.2893 -0.5316 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.1095 -0.1114 1.4395 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5176 0.7650 -0.4432 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5500 -0.0378 1.1365 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5406 -1.0041 -0.3524 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.8066 -3.4184 1.1046 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.8189 -2.4761 2.6168 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.2250 -2.4670 1.5528 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7928 0.8838 0.5163 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7749 -0.0753 -0.9642 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

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```

2.6598 -2.1729 0.3950 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2.6864 -1.2108 1.8833 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5.1891 -2.2082 -0.7786 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
4.7262 -0.0485 2.3265 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 3 1 0 0 0 0
1 8 1 0 0 0 0
1 9 1 0 0 0 0
1 10 1 0 0 0 0
2 5 1 0 0 0 0
2 11 1 0 0 0 0
2 12 1 0 0 0 0
2 13 1 0 0 0 0
3 4 1 0 0 0 0
3 14 1 0 0 0 0
3 15 1 0 0 0 0
4 5 1 0 0 0 0
4 16 1 0 0 0 0
4 17 1 0 0 0 0
5 6 1 0 0 0 0
5 7 1 0 0 0 0
6 18 1 0 0 0 0
7 19 1 0 0 0 0
M ISO 5 1 12 2 13 3 13 4 13 5 13
M END
> <InChI>
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
$$$$

```

- To save the generated output in json format:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f json -o
↪outfile.json
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --
↪format=json --output=outfile.json
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
{
  "1": {
    "molfile": {
      "HeaderBlock": {
        "molecule_name": "",
        "software": "OpenBabel02101812223D",
        "comment": ""
      },
      "Ctab": {
        "CtabCountsLine": {
          "number_of_atoms": "19",
          "number_of_bonds": "18",
          "number_of_atom_lists": "0",
          "not_used1": "0",
          "chiral_flag": "0",
          "number_of_stext_entries": "0",

```

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```

        "not_used2": "0",
        "not_used3": "0",
        "not_used4": "0",
        "not_used5": "0",
        "number_of_properties": "999",
        "version": "V2000"
    },
    "CtabAtomBlock": [
        {
            "x": "0.8986",
            "y": "-0.0477",
            "z": "0.0323",
            "atom_symbol": "C",
            "mass_difference": "0",
            "charge": "0",
            "atom_stereo_parity": "0",
            "hydrogen_count": "0",
            "stereo_care_box": "0",
            "valence": "0",
            "h0designator": "0",
            "not_used1": "0",
            "not_used2": "0",
            "atom_atom_mapping_number": "0",
            "inversion_retention_flag": "0",
            "exact_change_flag": "0"
        },
        ...
    ],
    "CtabBondBlock": [
        {
            "first_atom_number": "1",
            "second_atom_number": "3",
            "bond_type": "1",
            "bond_stereo": "0",
            "not_used1": "0",
            "bond_topology": "0",
            "reacting_center_status": "0"
        },
        ...
    ],
    "CtabPropertiesBlock": {
        "ISO": [
            {
                "atom_number": "1",
                "absolute_mass": "12"
            },
            {
                "atom_number": "2",
                "absolute_mass": "13"
            }
        ]
    }
},
"data": {
    "InChI": [
        "InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,

```

→5+1"

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```

    ]
  }
}

```

- To save the generated output in `csv` format:

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f csv -o outfile.csv
```

or

```
$ python3 -m isoenum name tests/example_data/pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --format=csv --output=outfile.csv
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

## 2.2 The isoenum Docker Tutorial

### 2.2.1 The isoenum docker container

This section contains the examples provided above but with the use of a docker container with `isoenum` Python package and all its dependencies instead of using `isoenum` Python package directly.

After you `docker pull` or `docker build` the `isoenum` container, you can verify that it is available.

```
# docker images
```

You should see output similar to the following:

| REPOSITORY | TAG    | IMAGE ID     | CREATED   | SIZE  |
|------------|--------|--------------|-----------|-------|
| isoenum    | latest | 0e4c431aa519 | 1 day ago | 862MB |

### 2.2.2 Command-line interface

The `isoenum` package provides an easy-to-use command-line interface that allows the specification of isotopes for the creation of isotopically-resolved `InChI`.

- To access the `isoenum` command-line interface from docker container:

```
# docker run isoenum --help
```

Output:

```
Isotopic enumerator (isoenum) command-line interface

Usage:
  isoenum -h | --help
  isoenum --version
  isoenum name (<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>)
```

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```

        [--specific=<isotope:element:position>...]
        [--all=<isotope:element>...]
        [--enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max>...]
        [--complete | --partial]
        [--ignore-iso]
        [--format=<format>]
        [--output=<path>]
        [--verbose]
isoenum ionize (<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>)
        (--state=<element:position:charge>)
        [--format=<format>]
        [--output=<path>]
isoenum nmr (<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>)
        [--type=<experiment-type>]
        [--jcoupling=<name>...]
        [--decoupled=<element>...]
        [--format=<format>]
        [--output=<path>]
        [--subset]
        [--verbose]

```

## Options:

|                                           |                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| -h, --help                                | Show this screen.                                      |
| --verbose                                 | Print more information.                                |
| -v, --version                             | Show version.                                          |
| -a, --all=<isotope:element>               | Specify element and isotope, e.g. -a <sub>13</sub> C   |
| → 13:C or --all=13:C                      |                                                        |
| -s, --specific=<isotope:element:position> | Specify element, isotope and specific <sub>13</sub> C  |
| → position,                               |                                                        |
|                                           | e.g. -s 13:C:1 or --specific=13:C:1.                   |
| -e, --enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max> | Enumerate all isotopically-resolved <sub>13</sub> C    |
| → CTfile or InChI,                        |                                                        |
|                                           | e.g. -e 13:C:2:4 or --                                 |
| → enumerate=13:C:2:4                      |                                                        |
| -c, --complete                            | Use complete labeling schema, i.e. <sub>13</sub> C     |
| → every atom must specify                 |                                                        |
|                                           | "ISO" property, partial labeling <sub>13</sub> C       |
| → schema will be used otherwise           |                                                        |
|                                           | for specified labeling information <sub>13</sub> C     |
| → only.                                   |                                                        |
| -p, --partial                             | Use partial labeling schema, i.e. <sub>13</sub> C      |
| → generate labeling schema                |                                                        |
|                                           | from the provided labeling information.                |
| -i, --ignore-iso                          | Ignore existing "ISO" specification in <sub>13</sub> C |
| → the CTfile or InChI.                    |                                                        |
| -f, --format=<format>                     | Format of output: inchi, mol, sdf, csv,                |
| → json [default: inchi].                  |                                                        |
| -o, --output=<path>                       | Path to output file.                                   |
| -t, --type=<experiment-type>              | Type of NMR experiment [default: 1D1H].                |
| -j, --jcoupling=<type>                    | Allowed J couplings.                                   |
| -d, --decoupled=<element>                 | Turn off J coupling for a given <sub>13</sub> C        |
| → element.                                |                                                        |
| -z, --state=<element:position:charge>     | Create ionized form of InChI from <sub>13</sub> C      |
| → neutral molecule,                       |                                                        |
|                                           | e.g. N:6:+1, O:8:-1.                                   |
| --subset                                  | Create atom subsets for each resonance.                |

## 2.2.3 Docker usage examples

### Input files

We will use the same input files as above to generate isotopically-resolved InChI. Repeated here for convenience.

- Molfile example:

```
pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel02101812223D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.8986 -0.0477 0.0323 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0960 0.7629 2.7277 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.4213 -0.0579 -0.0025 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  3.0115 0.3840 1.3416 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.5473 0.3524 1.3660 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.9506 -0.9689 1.0442 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0892 1.2477 0.4081 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4966 -0.3656 -0.9348 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5151 0.9566 0.2461 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5209 -0.7306 0.7986 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7913 0.0636 3.5124 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7734 1.7738 2.9979 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.1923 0.7728 2.7063 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7620 0.6098 -0.8011 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7573 -1.0707 -0.2471 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6291 -0.2841 2.1226 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6589 1.3989 1.5754 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.5197 -1.2976 1.7554 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.6303 2.0937 0.5065 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 3 1 0 0 0 0
1 8 1 0 0 0 0
1 9 1 0 0 0 0
1 10 1 0 0 0 0
2 5 1 0 0 0 0
2 11 1 0 0 0 0
2 12 1 0 0 0 0
2 13 1 0 0 0 0
3 4 1 0 0 0 0
3 14 1 0 0 0 0
3 15 1 0 0 0 0
4 5 1 0 0 0 0
4 16 1 0 0 0 0
4 17 1 0 0 0 0
5 6 1 0 0 0 0
5 7 1 0 0 0 0
6 18 1 0 0 0 0
7 19 1 0 0 0 0
M ISO 1 1 12
M END
```

- Text file containing InChI string:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3
```

- SDfile (i.e. Molfile plus data) example:

```

pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel02101812223D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.8986 -0.0477 0.0323 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0960 0.7629 2.7277 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.4213 -0.0579 -0.0025 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  3.0115 0.3840 1.3416 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.5473 0.3524 1.3660 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.9506 -0.9689 1.0442 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0892 1.2477 0.4081 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4966 -0.3656 -0.9348 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5151 0.9566 0.2461 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.5209 -0.7306 0.7986 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7913 0.0636 3.5124 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7734 1.7738 2.9979 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.1923 0.7728 2.7063 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7620 0.6098 -0.8011 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7573 -1.0707 -0.2471 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6291 -0.2841 2.1226 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6589 1.3989 1.5754 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.5197 -1.2976 1.7554 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.6303 2.0937 0.5065 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 3 1 0 0 0 0
1 8 1 0 0 0 0
1 9 1 0 0 0 0
1 10 1 0 0 0 0
2 5 1 0 0 0 0
2 11 1 0 0 0 0
2 12 1 0 0 0 0
2 13 1 0 0 0 0
3 4 1 0 0 0 0
3 14 1 0 0 0 0
3 15 1 0 0 0 0
4 5 1 0 0 0 0
4 16 1 0 0 0 0
4 17 1 0 0 0 0
5 6 1 0 0 0 0
5 7 1 0 0 0 0
6 18 1 0 0 0 0
7 19 1 0 0 0 0
M ISO 1 1 12
M END
> <InChI>
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0

$$$$

```

### Input file/string specification

As shown above, the `isoenum` command-line interface asks the user to provide one required parameter `<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>`, which is the file or string with information required to create isotopically-resolved InChI.

In order to provide the input file path to the `isoenum` docker container, you will need to mount it as a volume for the docker container so the container can see it.

**Warning:** You need to provide the absolute path to the input file, otherwise the docker container will not be able to see it.

For example, `-v /absolute/path/to/input.txt:/input.txt`, where path on the left side of `:` is the absolute path on the host machine and the path on the right side of `:` is the path within the docker container.

To illustrate, let's invoke the `isoenum` docker container and provide input files:

- Path to CTfile (i.e. Molfile or SDfile).

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol
```

- Path to the file containing an InChI.

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol
```

- InChI string.

```
# docker run isoenum name 'InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3'
```

or

```
# docker run isoenum name '1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3'
```

## The isoenum name command

The `name` command of the `isoenum` command-line interface provides facilities to add isotopic layer information to molecule in order to create isotopically-resolved InChI.

### Isotopic layer specification: specific atoms option

The `-s` or `--specific` option allows the user to specify the isotopic information for an atom at a specific position within a molecule (e.g. carbon at position “2” will have absolute mass “13”).

- To designate the isotope of a specific atom within a given Molfile, use the `-s` or `--specific` option. For example, specify the second carbon atom as carbon “13”:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

- To designate the isotope for several atoms, repeat the `-s` or `--specific` option:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:1 -s 13:C:2
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:1 --specific=13:C:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

---

**Note:** Since the original file already contained the ISO specification for the first carbon atom, it did not change the designation of that atom (i.e. i1+0 was retained).

---

- To ignore existing ISO specifications, provide the `-i` or `--ignore-iso` option:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:1 -s 13:C:2 -i
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:1 --specific=13:C:2 --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1
```

### Isotopic layer specification: all atoms of a specific type option

The `-a` or `--all` option allows the user to specify the isotopic information for all atoms of a specific type (e.g. all carbons within a molecule will have absolute mass “13” etc.)

- To add isotope designations to all atoms of a specific element, use the `-a` or `--all` option:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To add isotope designations to different types of atoms, repeat the `-a` or `--all` option for each desired element:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -a 18:O
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --all=18:O
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
```

- To ignore existing ISO specifications, combine with the `-i` or `--ignore-iso` option:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -a 18:O -i
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --all=18:O --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
```

- Also the `-a` or `--all` option can be combined with the `-s` or `--specific` option which has higher priority:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -s 12:C:3 -i
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --specific=12:C:3 --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+0,4+1,5+1
```

## Isotopic layer specification: enumerate atoms of specific type option

The `-e` or `--enumerate` option allows the user to create a set of InChI for a molecule with a different number of isotopes (e.g. create all InChI where the number of carbon atoms with absolute mass “13” ranges from 0 to 5).

- To enumerate atoms of a specific element type, use the `-e` or `--enumerate` option:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1
```

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```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0
```

- A minimum and maximum number can be set to limit InChI generation to desired minimum and maximum number of atoms of the specified element. For example, generate all possible InChI where the number of carbon “13” atoms is in the range from 3 to 4:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:3:4
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:3:4
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To ignore existing ISO specifications, combine it with the `-i` or `ignore-iso` option:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:3:4 -i
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:3:4 --ignore-iso
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,2+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+1,4+1,5+1
```

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```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i2+1,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To enumerate multiple atom types, repeat the `-e` or `--enumerate` option for the desired element:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:3:4 -e 18:O:1:2
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:3:4 --enumerate=18:O:1:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m0/s1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+1,6+2/t5-/m1/s1
```

- The `-e` (`--enumerate`) option can be combined with the `-a` (`--all`) and `-s` (`--specific`) options except the `-e` (`--enumerate`) option cannot specify the same element as the `-a` (`--all`) option.

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:2:4 -a 18:O -s 12:C:3
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:2:4 --all=18:O --specific=12:C:3
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,4+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,5+1,6+2,7+2
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,4+1,5+1,6+2,7+2
```

- It is also possible to combine the `-e` or `--enumerate` option for the same element but different isotopes (also note that we are not specifying minimum number in this example, it will be set to 0 by default). For example, we want to generate InChI with up to 2 carbon “12” and up to 2 carbon “13”:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -e 13:C:2 -e 12:C:2
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --enumerate=13:C:2 --enumerate=12:C:2
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,3+1,4+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,4+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,3+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+0,3+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,4+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,5+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+0,4+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,5+0
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+0
```

## The isoenum ionize command

The `ionize` command of `isoenum` command-line interface provides facilities to add charge information to a given molecule.

For example, the following `InChI` represents amino acid L-Valine:

```
InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

- To create InChI that represents the zwitterion form:

```
# docker run isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1' -z N:6:+1 -z O:8:-1 -f inchi
```

or

```
# docker run isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1' --state=N:6:+1 --state=O:8:-1 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H
```

The generated InChI corresponds to the following structure:

For a second example, the following InChI represents neutral Adenosine monophosphate (AMP):

```
InChI=1S/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,
↪19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,20)/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

- To create the biochemically-relevant ionized InChI:

```
# docker run isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-
↪7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,
↪20)/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1' -z O:18:-1 -z O:19:-1 -f inchi
```

or

```
# docker run isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-
↪7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,
↪20)/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1' --state=O:18:-1 --state=O:19:-1 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1/C10H14N5O7P/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-7(17)6(16)4(22-10)1-21-23(18,
↪19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,20)/p-2/t4-,6-,7-,10-/m1/s1/
↪fC10H12N5O7P/h11H2/q-2
```

The generated InChI corresponds to the following structure:

## The isoenum nmr command

The `nmr` command of the `isoenum` command-line interface provides facilities to create isotopically-resolved InChI based on theoretical NMR coupling patterns (e.g. J1CH, J3HH, etc.).

For example, the following InChI represents amino acid L-Valine:

```
InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

- To create the theoretically possible set of InChI for “1D1H” NMR experiment:

```
# docker run isoenum nmr 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↪t4-/m0/s1' --type=1D1H --format=csv
```

or

```
# docker run isoenum nmr 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↪t4-/m0/s1' -t 1D1H -f csv
```

Output:

```
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4-
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4-
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,
↪4-
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4+/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4+/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,
↪4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i3H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,
↪6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/
↪C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH +
↪[1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i1H3,2H3,3H,4H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/
↪c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H,4H (continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↪1H14]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/
↪i1H3,2H3,3+1H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/
↪t3-,4-
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH
↪InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/
↪t3-,4+/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↪1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3+1H,4H
[1H16]HResonance InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↪s1/i4H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i4+1H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-
↪2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH + [1H16:1H15]J3HH InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-
↪3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4+1H
```

**Note:** Notice that the `csv` output includes a J-coupling description of the transient peak and the representative InChI.

## Workflow to generate InChI for data deposition from NMR experiments

1. Obtain standard InChI with correct bonded structure and stereochemistry.
2. Convert to fully representative InChI with proper ionization states if necessary (the `ionize` command).
3. Enumerate partial isotopomer InChI (the `nmr` command).
4. Select appropriate partial isotopomer InChI.

For example, the following InChI represents amino acid L-Valine:

```
InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1
```

with the following chemical structure:

We want to generate partial isotopomer InChI for the zwitterionic form of l-valine. To change the ionization state within molecule, we need to use the `ionize` command on a standard InChI:

```
# docker run isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1' -z N:6:+1 -z O:8:-1 -f inchi
```

or

```
# docker run isoenum ionize 'InChI=1S/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↪8)/t4-/m0/s1' --state=N:6:+1 --state=O:8:-1 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H
```

The generated InChI corresponds to the following structure:

Next, we want to enumerate all possible isotopomers for “1D1H” NMR experiment:

```
# docker run isoenum nmr 'InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↳t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H' --type=1D1H --format=csv
```

or

```
# docker run isoenum nmr 'InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↳t4-/m0/s1/f/h6H' -t 1D1H -f csv
```

Output:

```
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↳t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↳3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↳3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H9,1H10,1H11]HResonance + [1H9,1H10,1H11:13C1]J1CH + [1H9,1H10,1H11:1H15]J3HH
↳InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,4-
↳/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/
↳t4-/m0/s1/i1H3/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↳3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↳3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H12,1H13,1H14]HResonance + [1H12,1H13,1H14:13C2]J1CH + [1H12,1H13,1H14:1H15]J3HH
↳InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1+1H3,3H/t3-,
↳4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↳s1/i3H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↳(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,
↳6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/
↳h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↳(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH InChI=1/
↳C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↳c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↳c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3H,4H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/
↳m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH +
↳[1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↳s1/i1H3,2H3,3H,4H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↳c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
```

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```
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/
↳ c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H/t3-,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↳ 3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3+1H,4H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↳ 1H14]J3HH      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/
↳ i1H3,2H3,3+1H/f/h6H
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH      ↳
↳ InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/t3-
↳ ,4-/f/h6H/i/tM
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH      ↳
↳ InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,3+1H,4H/t3-
↳ ,4+/m1/f/h6H/i/tM/m1
[1H15]HResonance + [1H15:13C3]J1CH + [1H15:1H9,1H10,1H11]J3HH + [1H15:1H12,1H13,
↳ 1H14]J3HH + [1H15:1H16]J3HH InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,
↳ 8)/t4-/m0/s1/i1H3,2H3,3+1H,4H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/
↳ s1/i4H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↳ (H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i4+1H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:1H15]J3HH      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,
↳ (H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4H/f/h6H
[1H16]HResonance + [1H16:13C4]J1CH + [1H16:1H15]J3HH      InChI=1/C5H11NO2/c1-
↳ 3(2)4(6)5(7)8/h3-4H,6H2,1-2H3,(H,7,8)/t4-/m0/s1/i3H,4+1H/f/h6H
```

Finally, **select** appropriate InChI from the generated possibilities and **associate** them with the appropriate transient peak (chemical shift).

## Output format

- There are several output formats available:
  - inchi: produces InChI string.
  - sdf: produces SDfile with one or more Molfile and InChI associated with it.
  - mol: the same as sdf.
  - json: produces JSON representation of SDfile.
  - csv: produces tab-separated csv file with the information from SDfile data block.
- To specify the inchi output format (which is set to default and does not require format specification), use the -f or --format option followed by inchi:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum
↳ name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f inchi
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum
↳ name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --format=inchi
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

- To specify the mol or sdf output format, use the -f or --format option followed by mol or sdf:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f sdf
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↳name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --format=sdf
```

Output:

```
pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel04241818183D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  0.8564 0.0224 -0.0199 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0590 -2.7653 -0.2642 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.3767 0.0633 -0.0253 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.9725 -1.3472 -0.1203 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.5036 -1.3472 -0.1439 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.9424 -0.5621 -1.2388 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0329 -0.7920 1.0484 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4514 1.0368 0.0457 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4813 -0.5495 0.8345 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0.4733 -0.4367 -0.9365 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7458 -3.2426 -1.1982 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.7417 -3.3903 0.5788 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.1556 -2.7490 -0.2585 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7259 0.5602 0.8869 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.7092 0.6719 -0.8743 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.5969 -1.8221 -1.0358 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.6148 -1.9367 0.7329 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.0489 -1.1442 -2.0068 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  4.6612 -1.2841 1.7969 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  1 3 1 0 0 0 0 0
  1 8 1 0 0 0 0 0
  1 9 1 0 0 0 0 0
  1 10 1 0 0 0 0 0
  2 5 1 0 0 0 0 0
  2 11 1 0 0 0 0 0
  2 12 1 0 0 0 0 0
  2 13 1 0 0 0 0 0
  3 4 1 0 0 0 0 0
  3 14 1 0 0 0 0 0
  3 15 1 0 0 0 0 0
  4 5 1 0 0 0 0 0
  4 16 1 0 0 0 0 0
  4 17 1 0 0 0 0 0
  5 6 1 0 0 0 0 0
  5 7 1 0 0 0 0 0
  6 18 1 0 0 0 0 0
  7 19 1 0 0 0 0 0
M ISO 2 1 12 2 13
M END
> <InChI>
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1

$$$$
```

- To specify the json output format, use the `-f` or `--format` option followed by `json`:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f json
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --format=json
```

Output:

```
{
  "1": {
    "molfile": {
      "HeaderBlock": {
        "molecule_name": "",
        "software": "OpenBabel02101812223D",
        "comment": ""
      },
      "Ctab": {
        "CtabCountsLine": {
          "number_of_atoms": "19",
          "number_of_bonds": "18",
          "number_of_atom_lists": "0",
          "not_used1": "0",
          "chiral_flag": "0",
          "number_of_stext_entries": "0",
          "not_used2": "0",
          "not_used3": "0",
          "not_used4": "0",
          "not_used5": "0",
          "number_of_properties": "999",
          "version": "V2000"
        },
        "CtabAtomBlock": [
          {
            "x": "0.8986",
            "y": "-0.0477",
            "z": "0.0323",
            "atom_symbol": "C",
            "mass_difference": "0",
            "charge": "0",
            "atom_stereo_parity": "0",
            "hydrogen_count": "0",
            "stereo_care_box": "0",
            "valence": "0",
            "h0designator": "0",
            "not_used1": "0",
            "not_used2": "0",
            "atom_atom_mapping_number": "0",
            "inversion_retention_flag": "0",
            "exact_change_flag": "0"
          },
          ...
        ],
        "CtabBondBlock": [
          {
```

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```

        "first_atom_number": "1",
        "second_atom_number": "3",
        "bond_type": "1",
        "bond_stereo": "0",
        "not_used1": "0",
        "bond_topology": "0",
        "reacting_center_status": "0"
    },
    ...
],
"CtabPropertiesBlock": {
    "ISO": [
        {
            "atom_number": "1",
            "absolute_mass": "12"
        },
        {
            "atom_number": "2",
            "absolute_mass": "13"
        }
    ]
}
},
"data": {
    "InChI": [
        "InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1"
    ]
}
}

```

- To specify the csv output format, use the `-f` or `--format` option followed by `csv`:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -s 13:C:2 -f csv
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol isoenum_
↪name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --specific=13:C:2 --format=csv
```

Output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1
```

## Output file

In the case of using the `isoenum` docker container, both the input file and the output file must be mounted as volumes for the docker container to see them.

**Warning:** You need to provide the absolute path to the input and output files, otherwise the docker container will not be able to see them.

For example, `-v /absolute/path/to/input.txt:/input.txt`, where path on the left side of `:` is the absolute path on the host machine and the path on the right side of `:` is the path within the docker container.

In the same way, you will need to create an empty text file and mount it as a volume, so the docker container can write to it, `-v /absolute/path/to/output.txt:/output.txt`, where the path on the left side of `:` is the absolute path on the host machine and the path on the right side of `:` is the path within the docker container.

- To save the generated output into a file, use the `-o` or `--output` option followed by filename. For example, save the generated output in inchi format:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
-v /absolute/path/to/outfile.inchi:/outfile.inchi \
isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f inchi -o /outfile.inchi
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
-v /absolute/path/to/outfile.inchi:/outfile.inchi \
isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --format=inchi --output=/
↪outfile.inchi
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

- To save the generated output in mol or sdf format:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
-v /absolute/path/to/outfile.sdf:/outfile.sdf \
isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f sdf -o /outfile.sdf
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
-v /absolute/path/to/outfile.sdf:/outfile.sdf \
isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --format=sdf --output=/
↪outfile.sdf
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
pentane-2_2-diol
OpenBabel104251811053D

19 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
0.9237 -0.0881 0.1091 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5.1259 -2.4797 1.5667 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2.4438 -0.0580 0.0798 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
3.0394 -1.2473 0.8454 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
4.5756 -1.2658 0.8182 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
4.9993 -1.2893 -0.5316 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5.1095 -0.1114 1.4395 O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0.5176 0.7650 -0.4432 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0.5500 -0.0378 1.1365 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0.5406 -1.0041 -0.3524 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
4.8066 -3.4184 1.1046 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
4.8189 -2.4761 2.6168 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
6.2250 -2.4670 1.5528 H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

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```

2.7928    0.8838    0.5163    H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2.7749   -0.0753   -0.9642    H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2.6598   -2.1729    0.3950    H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2.6864   -1.2108    1.8833    H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
5.1891   -2.2082   -0.7786    H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
4.7262   -0.0485    2.3265    H 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1  3  1  0  0  0  0
1  8  1  0  0  0  0
1  9  1  0  0  0  0
1 10  1  0  0  0  0
2  5  1  0  0  0  0
2 11  1  0  0  0  0
2 12  1  0  0  0  0
2 13  1  0  0  0  0
3  4  1  0  0  0  0
3 14  1  0  0  0  0
3 15  1  0  0  0  0
4  5  1  0  0  0  0
4 16  1  0  0  0  0
4 17  1  0  0  0  0
5  6  1  0  0  0  0
5  7  1  0  0  0  0
6 18  1  0  0  0  0
7 19  1  0  0  0  0
M  ISO  5  1  12  2  13  3  13  4  13  5  13
M  END
> <InChI>
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1

$$$$

```

- To save the generated output in json format:

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
-v /absolute/path/to/outfile.sdf:/outfile.json \
isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f json -o outfile.json
```

or

```
# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
-v /absolute/path/to/outfile.sdf:/outfile.json \
isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --format=json --
↪output=outfile.json
```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
{
  "1": {
    "molfile": {
      "HeaderBlock": {
        "molecule_name": "",
        "software": "OpenBabel02101812223D",
        "comment": ""
      },
      "Ctab": {
        "CtabCountsLine": {
          "number_of_atoms": "19",

```

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```

    "number_of_bonds": "18",
    "number_of_atom_lists": "0",
    "not_used1": "0",
    "chiral_flag": "0",
    "number_of_stext_entries": "0",
    "not_used2": "0",
    "not_used3": "0",
    "not_used4": "0",
    "not_used5": "0",
    "number_of_properties": "999",
    "version": "V2000"
  },
  "CtabAtomBlock": [
    {
      "x": "0.8986",
      "y": "-0.0477",
      "z": "0.0323",
      "atom_symbol": "C",
      "mass_difference": "0",
      "charge": "0",
      "atom_stereo_parity": "0",
      "hydrogen_count": "0",
      "stereo_care_box": "0",
      "valence": "0",
      "h0designator": "0",
      "not_used1": "0",
      "not_used2": "0",
      "atom_atom_mapping_number": "0",
      "inversion_retention_flag": "0",
      "exact_change_flag": "0"
    },
    ...
  ],
  "CtabBondBlock": [
    {
      "first_atom_number": "1",
      "second_atom_number": "3",
      "bond_type": "1",
      "bond_stereo": "0",
      "not_used1": "0",
      "bond_topology": "0",
      "reacting_center_status": "0"
    },
    ...
  ],
  "CtabPropertiesBlock": {
    "ISO": [
      {
        "atom_number": "1",
        "absolute_mass": "12"
      },
      {
        "atom_number": "2",
        "absolute_mass": "13"
      }
    ]
  }
}

```

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```

    }
  },
  "data": {
    "InChI": [
      "InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,
↪5+1"
    ]
  }
}

```

- To save the generated output in `csv` format:

```

# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
  -v /absolute/path/to/outfile.sdf:/outfile.csv \
  isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol -a 13:C -f csv -o outfile.csv

```

or

```

# docker run -v /absolute/path/to/pentane-2_2-diol.mol:/pentane-2_2-diol.mol \
  -v /absolute/path/to/outfile.sdf:/outfile.csv \
  isoenum name /pentane-2_2-diol.mol --all=13:C --format=csv --
↪output=outfile.csv

```

The generated file will contain the following output:

```
InChI=1S/C5H12O2/c1-3-4-5(2,6)7/h6-7H,3-4H2,1-2H3/i1+0,2+1,3+1,4+1,5+1
```

## 2.3 The isoenum API Reference

This package provides routines to generate isotopically-resolved InChI (International Chemical Identifier) from non-isotopically labeled CTfile formatted files (e.g. Molfiles, SDfiles) or non-isotopically labeled InChI identifiers.

This package includes the following modules:

**cli** This module provides the command-line interface for the `isoenum` package.

**api** This module provides routines to augment CTfile objects with additional information and used by `isoenum` package CLI.

**labeling** This module provides functions for generating a labeling schema.

**nmr** This module provides descriptions of coupling combinations that could be observed within NMR experiments.

**openbabel** This module provides functions to call the Open Babel software to convert between InChI and CTfile formatted files.

**conf** This module provides the processing of configuration files necessary for isotopic enumerator.

**fileio** This module provides functions for generating CTfile objects and convert CTfile objects into InChI.

**utils** This module provides reusable utility functions.

**exceptions** This module provides `isoenum` package custom exceptions.

## 2.3.1 isoenum.cli

Isotopic enumerator (isoenum) command-line interface

**Usage:** `isoenum -h | --help`

`isoenum --version`

**isoenum name** (`<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>`) [`--specific=<isotope:element:position>...`] [`--all=<isotope:element>...`] [`--enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max>...`] [`--complete` | `--partial`] [`--ignore-iso`] [`--format=<format>`] [`--output=<path>`] [`--verbose`]

**isoenum ionize** (`<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>`) (`--state=<element:position:charge>...`) [`--format=<format>`] [`--output=<path>`]

**isoenum nmr** (`<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>`) [`--type=<experiment-type>`] [`--jcoupling=<name>...`] [`--decoupled=<element>...`] [`--format=<format>`] [`--output=<path>`] [`--subset`] [`--verbose`]

**isoenum vis** (`<path-to-ctfile-file-or-inchi-file-or-inchi-string>`) (`--format=<format>`) (`--output=<path>`)

### Options:

- h, --help** Show this screen.
- verbose** Print more information.
- v, --version** Show version.
- a, --all=<isotope:element>** Specify element and isotope, e.g. `-a 13:C` or `--all=13:C`
- s, --specific=<isotope:element:position>** Specify element, isotope and specific position, e.g. `-s 13:C:1` or `--specific=13:C:1`.
- e, --enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max>** Enumerate all isotopically-resolved CTfile or InChI, e.g. `-e 13:C:2:4` or `--enumerate=13:C:2:4`
- c, --complete** Use complete labeling schema, i.e. every atom must specify “ISO” property, partial labeling schema will be used otherwise for specified labeling information only.
- p, --partial** Use partial labeling schema, i.e. generate labeling schema from the provided labeling information.
- i, --ignore-iso** Ignore existing “ISO” specification in the CTfile or InChI.
- f, --format=<format>** Format of output: inchi, mol, sdf, csv, json [default: inchi].
- o, --output=<path>** Path to output file.
- t, --type=<experiment-type>** Type of NMR experiment [default: 1D1H].
- j, --jcoupling=<type>** Allowed J couplings.
- d, --decoupled=<element>** Turn off J coupling for a given element.
- z, --state=<element:position:charge>** Create ionized form of InChI from neutral molecule, e.g. `N:6:+1, O:8:-1`.
- subset** Create atom subsets for each resonance.

`isoenum.cli.cli` (*cmdargs*)

Process command-line arguments.

**Parameters** `cmdargs` (*dict*) – Command-line arguments.

**Returns** None.

**Return type** `None`

`isoenum.cli.save_output(outputstr, path, file_format)`

Save output results into file or print to stdout.

**Parameters**

- **outputstr** (*str*) – Output string.
- **path** (*str*) – Where to save results.
- **file\_format** (*str*) – File format to create file extension.

**Returns** `None`.

**Return type** `None`

`isoenum.cli.create_output(sdfile, path=None, file_format='inchi')`

Create output containing conversion results.

**Parameters**

- **sdfile** (*SDfile*.) – *SDfile* instance.
- **path** (*str*) – Path to where file will be saved.
- **file\_format** (*str*) – File format: 'inchi', 'mol', 'sdf', 'json', or 'csv'.

**Returns** `None`.

**Return type** `None`

## 2.3.2 isoenum.labeling

This module contains a function to generate a labeling schema based on provided cli parameters.

`isoenum.labeling.create_labeling_schema(complete_labeling_schema, ignore_existing_isotopes, all_iso, specific_iso, existing_iso, enumerate_iso, isotopes_conf, ctfiler)`

Create labeling schema.

**Parameters**

- **complete\_labeling\_schema** (*bool*) – Specifies if default isotopes to be added to isotopic layer.
- **ignore\_existing\_isotopes** (*bool*) – Specifies if will ignore existing isotopic layer.
- **all\_iso** (*dict*) – Atom specific isotopes –*all* option.
- **specific\_iso** (*dict*) – Atom number specific isotopes from –*specific* option.
- **existing\_iso** (*dict*) – Atom number specific isotopes from *Molfile*.
- **enumerate\_iso** (*list*) – List of isotopes from –*enumerate* option.
- **isotopes\_conf** (*dict*) – Default isotopes.
- **ctfile** (*Molfile*) – Instance of *Molfile*.

**Returns** Labeling schema.

**Return type** `list`

### 2.3.3 isoenum.nmr

This module provides descriptions of coupling combinations that could be observed within NMR experiments.

```
class isoenum.nmr.ResonanceAtom (atom, isotope)
    Resonance atom - part of the coupling path.
```

```
class isoenum.nmr.Coupling (coupling_path=None,          nmr_active_atoms=None,          sub-
                           set_atoms=None)
    Coupling provides information on the connectivity of molecules.
```

```
    coupling_type
        Coupling type.

        Returns Coupling type.

        Return type str
```

```
    subset
        Generate coupling path subsets.

        Returns Coupling path subsets.

        Return type list
```

```
    is_resonance_compatible (resonance)
        Test if coupling is compatible with resonance.

        Parameters resonance (Coupling) – Subclass of Coupling.

        Returns True if compatible, False otherwise.

        Return type True or False
```

```
    classmethod couplings (atom)
        Generate list of possible couplings for a given atom type.

        Parameters atom (ctfile.Atom) – Atom type.

        Returns List of couplings.

        Return type list
```

```
    name
        Specific coupling name that indicates interacting atoms.

        Returns Specific coupling name.

        Return type str
```

```
    hydrogen_coupling_path
        Coupling path that consists of hydrogen atoms.

        Returns Coupling path.

        Return type list
```

```
    hydrogen_coupling_path_repr
        Hydrogen coupling path representation.

        Returns List of hydrogen groups representing hydrogen coupling path.

        Return type list
```

```
class isoenum.nmr.J1CH (coupling_path=None, nmr_active_atoms=None, subset_atoms=None)
    J1CH coupling type: C-H.
```

**couplings** (*carbon\_atom*)

Generate list of possible J1CH couplings.

**Parameters** **carbon\_atom** – Carbon atom.

**Returns** List of couplings.

**Return type** `list`

**class** `isoenum.nmr.J2HH` (*coupling\_path=None, nmr\_active\_atoms=None, subset\_atoms=None*)

J2HH coupling type: H-C-H.

**couplings** (*carbon\_atom*)

Generate list of possible J2HH couplings.

**Parameters** **carbon\_atom** – Carbon atom.

**Returns** List of couplings.

**Return type** `list`

**class** `isoenum.nmr.J3HH` (*coupling\_path=None, nmr\_active\_atoms=None, subset\_atoms=None*)

J3HH coupling type: H-C-C-H.

**couplings** (*carbon\_atom*)

Generate list of possible J3HH couplings.

**Parameters** **carbon\_atom** – Carbon atom.

**Returns** List of couplings.

**Return type** `list`

**is\_resonance\_compatible** (*resonance*)

Test if J3HH coupling is compatible with resonance.

**Parameters** **resonance** (*Coupling*) – Subclass of *Coupling*.

**Returns** True if compatible, False otherwise.

**Return type** `True` or `False`

**class** `isoenum.nmr.HResonance` (*coupling\_path=None, nmr\_active\_atoms=None, subset\_atoms=None*)

Hydrogen resonance.

**couplings** (*carbon\_atom*)

Generate resonance.

**Parameters** **carbon\_atom** – Carbon atom.

**Returns** List of couplings.

**Return type** `list`

**class** `isoenum.nmr.NMRExperiment` (*name, couplings, decoupled, default\_coupling\_definitions*)

NMR experiment.

**generate\_coupling\_combinations** (*molfile, subset=False*)

Generate possible J couplings for a Molfile.

**class** `isoenum.nmr.NMR1D1H` (*name, couplings=None, decoupled=None, default\_coupling\_definitions=(HResonance(coupling\_path=None), J1CH(coupling\_path=None), J2HH(coupling\_path=None), J3HH(coupling\_path=None))*)

1D 1H NMR experiment.

**generate\_coupling\_combinations** (*molfile*, *subset=False*)

Generate 1D 1H NMR experiment J couplings for a Molfile.

**Parameters**

- **molfile** (*ctfile.Molfile*) – Molfile object.
- **subset** (*True* or *False*) – Generate couplings subsets?

**Returns** List of possible couplings for a given Molfile.

**Return type** *list*

```
class isoenum.nmr.NMR1DCHSQC (name, couplings=None, decoupled=None, de-
                                fault_coupling_definitions=(HResonance(coupling_path=None),
                                J1CH(coupling_path=None), J2HH(coupling_path=None),
                                J3HH(coupling_path=None)))
```

1D 13C HSQC NMR experiment.

**isoenum.nmr.create\_nmr\_experiment** (*name*, *couplings=None*, *decoupled=None*)

Create NMR experiment upon provided experiment type.

**Parameters**

- **name** (*str*) – NMR experiment type.
- **couplings** (*list*) – List of coupling types.
- **decoupled** (*list*) – List of elements.

**Returns** NMR experiment.

**Return type** *NMRExperiment*.

## 2.3.4 isoenum.conf

This module provides processing of configuration files necessary for isotopic enumerator.

## 2.3.5 isoenum.fileio

This module provides routines to generate CTfile objects and convert CTfile objects into InChI and vice versa.

**isoenum.fileio.create\_ctfile** (*path\_or\_id*, *xyx\_coordinates='–gen2D'*, *explicit\_hydrogens='–h'*)

Guess what type of path is provided, i.e. is it existing file in Molfile format, existing file in SDfile file format, existing file containing InChI string, or InChI string and tries to create CTfile object.

**Parameters**

- **path\_or\_id** (*str*) – Path to Molfile, SDfile, InChI, or InChI string.
- **xyx\_coordinates** (*str*) – Option that generates x, y, z coordinates (e.g., “–gen2D” or “–gen3D”).
- **explicit\_hydrogens** (*str*) – Option that makes hydrogens atoms explicit when generating CTfile object.

**Returns** Subclass of CTfile object.

**Return type** Molfile or SDfile

**isoenum.fileio.create\_ctfile\_from\_ctfile\_str** (*ctfile\_str*)

Create CTfile object from CTfile string.

**Parameters** `ctfile_str` (*str*) – CTfile string.

**Returns** Subclass of CTfile object.

**Return type** CTfile

`isoenum.fileio.create_ctfile_from_identifier_file` (*path*, *output\_format*='mol', *\*\*options*)

Create CTfile instance from InChI or SMILES identifier file.

**Parameters**

- **path** (*str*) – Path to file containing InChI or SMILES identifier.
- **output\_format** (*str*) – Output file format used by Open Babel to generate CTfile.
- **options** – Additional options to be passed to Open Babel.

**Returns** Subclass of CTfile object.

**Return type** CTfile

`isoenum.fileio.create_ctfile_from_identifier_str` (*identifier\_str*, *output\_format*='mol', *\*\*options*)

Create CTfile instance from InChI or SMILES identifier string.

**Parameters**

- **identifier\_str** (*str*) – InChI or SMILES identifier string.
- **output\_format** (*str*) – Output file format used by Open Babel to generate CTfile.
- **options** – Additional options to be passed to Open Babel.

**Returns** Subclass of CTfile object.

**Return type** CTfile

`isoenum.fileio.guess_identifier_format` (*identifier\_str*)

Guess identifier format.

**Parameters** `identifier_str` (*str*) – Chemical identifier string.

**Returns** 'inchi' or 'smiles' string.

**Return type** *str*

`isoenum.fileio.create_inchi_from_ctfile_obj` (*ctf*, *\*\*options*)

Create InChI from CTfile instance.

**Parameters** `ctf` (CTfile) – Instance of CTfile.

**Returns** InChI string.

**Return type** *str*

`isoenum.fileio.normalize_ctfile_obj` (*ctf*, *xyx\_coordinates*='-gen2D', *explicit\_hydrogens*='-h')

Normalize CTfile object.

**Parameters** `ctf` (CTfile) – CTfile object.

**Returns** Normalized CTfile object.

**Return type** CTfile

`isoenum.fileio.create_empty_sdfobj` ()

Create empty SDFfile object.

**Returns** SDFfile object.

**Return type** `SDfile`

`isoenum.fileio.create_empty_molfile_obj()`

Create empty Molfile object.

**Returns** Molfile object.

**Return type** `Molfile`

`isoenum.fileio.create_svg_str(inchi_str, **options)`

Create SVG string from InChI identifier string.

**Parameters**

- **inchi\_str** (*str*) – InChI identifier.
- **options** – Additional options to be passed to Open Babel.

**Returns** SVG XML code.

**Return type** `str`

`isoenum.fileio.circular_consistency_test(inchi_str)`

Perform conversion from InChI string to Molfile and back to InChI string.

**Parameters** **inchi\_str** (*str*) – InChI string.

**Returns** `None`

**Return type** `None`

### 2.3.6 isoenum.utils

This module provides reusable utility functions.

`isoenum.utils.is_url(path)`

Test if path represents a valid URL.

**Parameters** **path** (*str*) – Path to file.

**Returns** True if path is valid url string, False otherwise.

**Return type** `True` or `False`

`isoenum.utils.all_combinations(items)`

Generate combinations of variable size.

**Parameters** **items** – Sequence of items.

**Returns** List of all combinations.

**Return type** `list`

### 2.3.7 isoenum.openbabel

This module provides `convert()` to convert between different file formats used in molecular modeling and computational chemistry (e.g. InChI, SMILES, Molfile, etc.).

`isoenum.openbabel.convert(input_file_path, output_file_path, input_format, output_format, **options)`

Convert between formats using Open Babel.

**Parameters**

- `input_file_path(str)` – Path to input file.
- `output_file_path(str)` – Path to output file.
- `input_format(str)` – Input file format.
- `output_format(str)` – Output file format.
- `options` – Additional key-value options to pass to Open Babel.

**Returns** None.

**Return type** `None`

### 2.3.8 isoenum.exceptions

Custom exceptions.

**exception** `isoenum.exceptions.EmptyCTFileError`  
Invalid CTFile object error.

## 2.4 Release History

### 2.4.1 0.4.1 (2019-08-12)

#### Improvements

- Added custom exceptions module.

### 2.4.2 0.4.0 (2019-07-30)

#### Improvements

- Added documentation on how to install development version from GitHub.
- Simplified set of functions that interfaces with Open Babel.
- Added default output formats configuration file.
- Generalized functions that create `CTfile` objects to accept both `InChI` and `SMILES`.
- Added API functions module.
- Added functionality to annotate *Molfiles* that have the same *InChI* and coupling type but different labeling schema as magnetically equivalent.

#### Bugfixes

- Fixed bug that used arbitrary output file format extension to save the results.
- Fixed bug not being able to pass two-word options to Open Babel.

### 2.4.3 0.3.1 (2018-08-27)

#### Improvements

- Updated “The isoenum Tutorial” documentation.
- Restructured tutorial into two sections: “The isoenum Tutorial” and “The isoenum Docker Tutorial”.

- Added logic to use “FixedH” option to create InChI for charged molecules.

#### Bugfixes

- Fixed bug that gave an error if existing “ISO” property was present.
- Fixed bug generating incorrect coupling for “C” atoms that did not have any “H” attached to it (e.g. “C=O”).
- Fixed bug that did not create multiple subsets for “J3HH” couplings.

### 2.4.4 0.3.0 (2018-08-22)

#### Improvements

- Added `ionize` command and functionality in order to create charged versions of neutral molecules, e.g. zwitterion forms of amino acids (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zwitterion>)
- Removed Open Babel system call stdout messages.

### 2.4.5 0.2.1 (2018-08-20)

#### Improvements

- Updated CLI isotope specification: `--specific=<isotope:element:position>`, `--all=<isotope:element>`, `--enumerate=<isotope:element:min:max>`.
- Updated all documentation examples according to new CLI.
- Removed trailing “n” from InChI strings.

### 2.4.6 0.2.0 (2018-08-15)

#### Improvements

- Added new command-line interface command `nmr` and module in order to generate InChI associated with observed coupling combination for a given NMR experiment type.
- Added “1D 1H” and “1D 13C HSQC” NMR experiments.
- Added new output formats “json” and “csv”.
- Updated API documentation.

### 2.4.7 0.1.5 (2018-04-26)

#### Bugfixes

- Fixed incorrect rendering on PyPI project page.

### 2.4.8 0.1.4 (2018-04-25)

#### Improvements

- Added ReadTheDocs documentation: <http://isoenum.readthedocs.io>

## 2.4.9 0.1.3 (2018-04-20)

### Improvements

- Added “Dockerfile” to create docker container with `isoenum` software and all required dependencies ready-to-use.
- Changes to cli options: replaced “-f” and “-full” with “-c” and “-complete” to specify labeling schema. Used “-f” for “-format” option.

## 2.4.10 0.1.2 (2018-04-19)

### Improvements

- Added ability to save conversion results into file via “-output” cli option and in different formats (“inchi”, “mol”, and “sdf”) via “-format” cli option.

## 2.4.11 0.1.1 (2018-04-17)

### Improvements

- Added ability to process SDfiles in addition to Molfiles and InChI.
- Added basic unit tests for command-line interface.

### Bugfixes

- Fixed bug of not including package data configuration files into source distribution.

## 2.4.12 0.1.0 (2018-04-16)

- Initial public release.

## 2.5 License

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## CHAPTER 3

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